

Złotów and its natural attractions

Złotów is a town with a population of 19 thousand inhabitants. You can find there 4 churches and the one and only monument of Piast Kołodziej In Poland. The town is surrounded by 5 lakes. In the picture you can see the district of Złotów.



Natural attractions worth visiting

1. City Lake called Promenada (Promenade)



Here you can spend the time actively, fishing, practising in the gym, playing around on the playground or strolling, admiring beautiful views. This place is very popular. The Promenade is about 4 km in length. It's an amazing track for those who like sporty lifestyle.

2. Zaleskie Lake



It is one of the longest lakes. In the summer it is used as a natural swimming pool. It is located near the stadium and a restaurant. There are two beaches situated nearby – „The Old Beach” and on the opposite site – „The New Beach”.

3. Forestry Management in Złotów



Forestry in Złotów has an area of 18464 ha. Here you can spend a nice time strolling, organizing a bonfire, watching sculptures of local authors, going to a green classroom or aviary (with different kinds of birds there). The greatest attention is paid to „Świetlik”. It is a place where you can make a bonfire.

4. Proboszczowskie Lake



The area of the lake covers 4,1 ha. It has a large fishing values. Its periphery moves softly in meadows, pastures and arable lands. The banks are overgrown with seaweed. The lake is home to waterfowl.



5. Burmistrzowskie Lake



Has an area of 7,7 ha. Filled with many species of conifers (scots pine) and deciduous. Has a rich aquatic vegetation.

6. Baba Lake



It has an area of about 18 ha. It is covered almost entirely with reeds, rushes, numerous species of grasses and herbaceous vegetation. This lake provides a habitat for many species of birds as prey. It is an excellent place to observe waterfowl.

7. Town Park



It was created in 1910. The park has an area of 1,44 ha. Among the others, it is overgrown with lindens, birches and beeches. Several species of exotic trees such as monochromatic fir and London planetree are planted here.

8. Jewish Hill – vantage point



Lapidary was made in 1998 of 143 remains of Jewish tombstones. It is a reminder of the Jewish cemetery destroyed in 1935. On this hill there are oak trees that are greatest monuments of nature.

